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STUDY THE EFFECT OF ARDRAK WITH SENDHAV LAVAN SEVAN BEFORE MEAL IN HEALTHY INDIVIDUALS W.S.R. TO BHAVPRAKASH

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ABSTRACT

According to Ayurveda, Aahar is one of the main pillars of Triyoupstambha for maintaining health. The proper incorporation of diet not only can prevent many preventable disorders but plays major role in the management of the diseases. This type of Aahar is called as Pathya Ayurveda mentioned that a sick person needs no medicine if he/she follows the pathyakar Aahar stipulated for a person suffering from that a particular disease Drugs and medicine are also of little value, if person follows the rules of pathya. According to Acharya Bhavprakash eating of Ardrak with Sendhav Lavan before meal is a always Pathya. Total 60 healthy individuals are selected as per lakshanas of swastha person which mentioned in Kashyap Samhita Khilasthan. Randomized open trial was done on 60 healthy individuals who divided into two groups. Group-A-30 healthy individuals was given Ardrak with Sendhav Lavan before each meal. Group-B-30 healthy individuals was not given Ardrak with Sendhav Lavan before each meal. After Ardrak and Sendhav lavan sevan, the pH of oral cavity changed immediately into alkaline stage for few minutes. So it may useful in many ways to protect the health of oral cavity and prevents a many of the diseases of oral cavity like halotosis, dental caries, oral cancer etc.

Keywords: Aahar, pathya, Ardrak, Sendhav, Ph

INTRODUCTION

Ayurveda is an ancient medical science which deals with the "Swasthya". Matrasitiya adhyaya of Charak Samhita deals with the healthy ways of Aahar and its beneficial effects, it also comprise the daily regimens according to maintain-

ing the heath. Aahar is not needed for the continuity of life but for bala, varna, upsaya etc. The proper diet taken in proper manner can lead to better health. Ayurveda describes Aahar according to persons prakruti for maintaining its own

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physical health and maintaining the mental health Ayurveda prescribed the Satvik Aahar. The proper incorporation of diet not only can prevent many preventable disorders but plays major role in the management of the diseases. This type of Aahar is called as Pathya .Pathya is good for body & mind for maintaining normal health. Eating of Ardrak with Sendhav Lavan before meal is always *Pathya*. It gives taste to the food, improves digestive power & get cleanliness of jivha & kanth. So for, the main purpose of Ayurveda i.e. "Swasthyarakshan" is to see the importance of pathya which is mentioned in various granthas of Ayurveda like in Bhavprakash. Ardrak and Sendhav both dravyas are easily available, cheap and regularly used in foodstuffs and used as a simple home remediese for many vikaras.

AIMS & OBJECTIVES:

- 1] Study the effect of Ardrak with Sendhav Lavan sevan before meal in healthy individuals.
- 2] Study the effect of Ardrak with Sendhav Lavan not given in healthy individuals.
- 3] Comparative study between two groups.

MATERIALS & METHODS:

Selection of Individuals-Selection of 60 Individuals is done randomly —using a table of random numbers and as per inclusion criteria which mentioned below. For present study, Individuals are selected from-1) Volunteers from college & hospital premises. 2) Study was carried out after appropriate counseling of the Individuals and informed written consent from the Individuals.

INCLUSION CRITERIA-

- 1] Individuals were selected irrespective of sex & religion.
- 2] Individuals of Age group 20-40 yrs. were selected for study, because this age group is

'working age group' and frequent alterations in Diet and life style or routine are observed in this age group.

3] Total 60 healthy individuals are selected as per lakshanas of swastha [healthy] person which is mentioned in Kashyap Samhita Khilasthan. MüÉ. xÉÇ. ÎZÉsÉxjÉÉlÉç 5/6,7,8.Who has desire to eat food ,whose digestive power is good, so he digest the food well, whose stool & urine motions are normal without any obstructions ,who feels his body active light and whose mind is fresh, who having good health of body as well as mind ,these persons known as *swastha* or healthy. Who having such characters of healthy individuals selected for the study.

EXCLUSION CRITERIA-

Pregnant Woman & lactating mother.

Hypertensive, Peptic ulcer, cirrhosis of liver, Ischemic Heart Disease.

As per Bhavprakash Nighantu, *Ardrak* should not be given in following disease conditions.

Kushtha, Pandu, Mutrakruchha, Raktapitta, Varna, Jwara, Daha as well as Sharad & Grishma rutu. Hence all these excluded from study.

Prepration of Dravyas

- 1] Ardrak
- 21 Sendhav

Fresh Ardrak in the form of khand was collected from market. Sendhav Lavan was collected from market. Standardization of both dravya's was done. Fresh Ardrak was washed with water & made it into khand [pieces] of 2 gm of each for distribution to the Individual. Daily fresh Ardrak was collected from the market from same distributor [Farmer] which cultivated in the same soil [farm] of the same species. Sendhav lavan gets into powder form for use.

METHODOLOGY: Study Design: Randomized Open Clinical Trial-

Randomized open trial was done on 60 healthy individuals who divided into two groups. Group-A-30 healthy individuals were given *Ardrak* with *Sendhav Lavan* before each meal. Group-B-30 healthy individuals were not given *Ardrak* with *Sendhav Lavan* before each meal. Written consent was taken from every individual before starting the study.

DRAVYA SEVAN-

For Group A-30 Healthy individuals was given the drug in following quantity and form-

Ardrak in khand [piece] form- 2 gm in quantity. Sendhav Lavan in powder form -1 gm in quantity.

Both drugs in mentioned quantity and form given together to chew, 15 minutes before each meal.

DRAVYA SEVAN KAAL-*Pragbhakta*[*pratah* & *sayam*] - before each meal.

DURATION-15 days.

FOLLOW UP-SUBJECTIVE

		Luncl	1			Dinner			
Sr.no	LAKSHNAS	BAS	AAS	JAL	4HAL	BAS	AAS	JAD	4HAD
1	Agnidipan								
2	Ruchyam								
3	Jivhakanthvishodan								
4	Udgarshudhi								
5	Utsaha								
6	Uchit Mala-mutra Utsarga								
7	Udarlaghuta								
8	Kshudha								
9	Pipasa								

BAS- BEFORE ARDRAK SEVAN

- AAS-AFTER ARDRAK SEVAN
- JAD-JUST AFTER DINNER
- JAL-JUST AFTER LUNCH
- 4 HAL-4HOURS AFTER LUNCH

• 4 HAD-4 HOURS AFTER DINNER

NOTE-Same Follow up sheet will be attached as per Day-1 up to 15 days for subjective study. 0-Absent, 1-mild,2-moderate,3-severe

Objective-

		LUNC	CH			DINNE	₹		
Sr.no.	TEST	BAS	AAS	JAL	4HAL	BAS	AAS	JAD	4HAD
1	Saliva viscosity Test								
2	SalivapH test								

BAS- BEFORE ARDRAK SEVAN AAS-AFTER ARDRAK SEVAN JAD-JUST AFTER DINNER JAL-JUST AFTER LUNCH

4 HAL-4HOURS AFTER LUNCH

- 4 HAD-4 HOURS AFTER DINNER
- Saliva Viscosity Test-
- 1-Normal, 2-Increased, 3-Residues
- Saliva pH test [strip test]: As per colour changes reading noted.

Special Advise - Both Group's individuals was advised Guru & slight Heavy diet during the study.

Grading and scoring -

- 1] Agnidipan
- 0-Absent
- 1-milld appetite
- 2-moderate appetite wants to eat food
- 3-severe appetite wants to eat vigorously.
- 2] Ruchyam
- 0-Absent
- 1-mild or less desire for food
- 2-moderately desire for food
- 3-severe desire for food.
- 3] *Jivhakanthvishodhan*
- 0-Absent
- 1-mild feeling of cleanness of Jivhakanth
- 2-moderate feeling of cleanliness of Jivhakanth
- 3-Totally feeling of cleanliness of Jivhakantha

4]*Udgarshudhi*

- 0-Absent of Udgarveg after meal
- 1- 1-2 clear Udgarveg occurs after each meal
- 2- 2-3 clear Udgerveg occurs after each meal
- 3- 3-4 clear Udgarveg occurs after each meal
- 5] Utsaha
- 0-Absent
- 1- Low euthansium for physical or mental work.
- 2- Moderate euthansium for physical or mental work.
- 3-Highly euthansiusm for physical or mental work.
- 6] Uchitmalamutrautsarga
- 0-Absent of both motions.
- 1-1-time mala utsarg & 1-2 times mutrautsarg.
- 2-2- times mala utsarg & 3-4 times mutrautsarg.
- 3-3 times malautsarg & 4-5 times mutrautsarg

- 7] Udarlaghuta
- 0-Absent [felling of udarjadata]
- 1-feeling of mild udarlaghuta.
- 2- feeling of moderate udarlaghuta.
- 3- feeling of severe udarlghuta.
- 8] Kshudha
- 0-Absent
- 1-Mild appetite.
- 2-Moderate appetite.
- 3-Severe appetite.
- 9] Pipasa
- 0-Absent
- 1-Mild [3-4 times/day]
- 2-Moderate [5-6 times/day]
- 3-Severe [7-8 times /day]

Objective Parameters-

- 1. Saliva Viscosity test
- 2. Saliva pH test

For both saliva tests collection of the sample [unstimulated saliva] were done in following procedure and at specific time period.

- -Collection of the saliva performed in well ventilated and in moderate light room.
- -Primarily the individual is asked to shut up for about one minute and instruct not to swallow the saliva which is accumulated .Then told to individual pooled out saliva into the sterile transparent glass tube.
- -Collection was done up to 0.5 ml at every time.
- -Collection of the saliva was done in following time period.

1. Saliva Viscosity test:

The unstimulated saliva which was collected in the sterile transparent glass tube was visually assessed and result was noted according to following gradations. Healthy unstimulated saliva is clear in colour, and watery in consistency. If it looks stringy, frothy or bubbly, or is very sticky then it may mean the content of water is low because the rate of production is low.

Grading & Scoring-

- Normal viscosity- 1
- Increased viscosity-2
- Residues vicosity-3

Saliva pH Test [Strip method]:

The saliva which was collected for viscosity test same sample was used for this test .Standard pH strip [Himedia pH strip] was taken and placed one end of it into the sample of resting saliva for 10 seconds and then checked the color of the strip.

The color of the test strip while the paper was still moist, were compared with the color on the reading paper which was provided with it. Noted the pH reading and recorded the results.

Highly acidic saliva were in the red section -2

Moderately acidic saliva were found in the yellow section- 4 and 6

Healthy saliva were in the green section-7 and 8 Alkaline saliva were in dark green section-9 and 10.5

Observations and Results:

Table 1: Distribution According to type of Aahar Sevan:

Group	A			Group	В		
S.N	Type of Aahar	No	Percentage	S.N	Type of Aahar	No	Percentage
1	Veg	07	23.33%	1	Veg	06	20%
2	Non veg	00	00%	2	Non veg	00	00%
3	Misra	23	76.66%	3	Misra	24	80%
Total		30	100%	Total		30	100%

Table 2: Agnidipan

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	58	59
After Trial Score	86	61

Table 3: Ruchyam

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	57	56
After Trial Score	89	58

Table 4: Jivhakanthvishodhan

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	48	46
After Trial Score	83	48

Table 5: Udgarshudhi

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	23	40
After Trial Score	57	43

Table 6: Utsaha

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	41	49
After Trial Score	61	51

Table 7: Uchitmalamutra Utsarga

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	47	54
After Trial Score	73	57

Table 8: Udarlaghuta

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	50	53
After Trial Score	76	55

Table 9: Kshudha

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	58	60
After Trial Score	87	61

Table 10: Pipasa

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	56	58
After Trial Score	70	60

Table 11: Saliva viscosity Test-Before Ardrak Sevan-Before Lunch

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	32	31
After Trial Score	30	30

Table 12: Saliva viscosity Test- After Ardrak Sevan-Before Lunch

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	33	31
After Trial Score	30	30

Table 13: Saliva viscosity Test - Just After Lunch

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	32	31
After Trial Score	30	30

Table 14: Saliva viscosity Test- 4 Hours After Lunch

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	32	31
After Trial Score	30	30

Table 15: Saliva viscosity Test-Before Ardrak Sevan-Before Dinner

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	32	31
After Trial Score	30	30

Table 16: Saliva viscosity Test- After Ardrak Sevan-Before Dinner

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	32	31
After Trial Score	30	30

Table 17: Saliva viscosity Test-Just after Dinner

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	32	31
After Trial Score	30	30

Table 18: Saliva viscosity Test- 4 Hours After Dinner

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	32	31
After Trial Score	30	30

Table 19: Saliva pH Test-Before Ardrak Sevan-Before Lunch

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	209	209
After Trial Score	214	210

Table 20: Saliva pH Test- After Ardrak Sevan-Before Lunch

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	209	209
After Trial Score	214	210

Table 21: Saliva pH Test- Just After Lunch

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	209	209
After Trial Score	213	210

Table 22: Saliva pH Test- 4 Hours After Lunch

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	209	209
After Trial Score	212	210

Table 23: Saliva pH Test-Before Ardrak Sevan-Before Dinner

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	209	209
After Trial Score	212	210

Table 24: Saliva pHTest-After Ardrak Sevan-Before Dinner

Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	209	209
After Trial Score	284	210

Table 25: Saliva pH Test -Just After Dinner

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	209	209
After Trial Score	213	210

Table 26: Saliva pH Test- 4 Hours After Dinner Observations as per grading & scoring of symptoms:

	Group A	Group B
Before Trial Score	209	209
After Trial Score	214	210

DISCUSSION

Agnidipan: The statistical analysis Mann – Whitney statistics shows P value < 0.0001 which is extremely significant. From the above statistical analysis it is stated that there was significantly increase in Agni i.e. Agnidipan Ruchyam: The statistical analysis Mann – Whitney statistics shows P value < 0.0001 which was extremely significant. From the above statistical analysis it is stated that there was significantly increase in Ruchyam i.e. Ruchi for food was seen in Group A as compared to Group B on day 15th of the trial

Jivhakanthvishodhan: The statistical analysis Mann –Whitney statistics shows P value < 0.0001 which is extremely significant. From the above statistical analysis it is stated that there was significantly increase in *Jivhakanthvishodhan* was seen in Group A as compared to Group B on day 15 th of the trial.

Udgarshudhi: The statistical analysis Mann – Whitney statistics shows P value < 0.0001 which is extremely significant. From the above statistical analysis it is stated that there was significantly increases in *Udgarshudhi* was seen in Group A as compared to Group B on day 15th of the trial

Utsaha: The statistical analysis Mann –Whitney statistics shows P value < 0.0001 which is extremely significant. From the above statistical analysis it is stated that there was significantly increase in Utsaha was seen in Group A as compared to Group B on day 15 th of the trial.

Uchitmalamutra Utsarga: The statistical analysis Mann –Whitney statistics shows P value < 0.0001 which is extremely significant. From the above statistical analysis it is stated that there was significantly increase in *Uchitmalamutra Utsarga* was seen in Group A as compared to Group B on day 15 th of the trial.

Udarlaghuta: The statistical analysis Mann – Whitney statistics shows P value < 0.0001 which is extremely significant. From the above statistical analysis it is stated that there was significantly increase in *Udarlaghuta* was seen in Group A as compared to Group B on day 15 th of the trial.

Kshudha: The statistical analysis Mann – Whitney statistics shows P value < 0.0001 which is extremely significant. From the above statistical analysis it is stated that there was significantly increase in *Kshudha* was seen in Group A as compared to Group B on day 15 th of the trial.

Pipasa: The statistical analysis Mann –Whitney statistics shows P value < 0.0001 which is extremely significant. From the above statistical analysis it is stated that there was significantly increase in Pipasa was seen in Group A as compared to Group B on day 15 th of the trial.

Saliva viscosity test: After the above observations and results of Saliva viscosity test it is clear that there is no significantly changes occurs in viscosity of saliva when comparing the results of Group A with Group B. It may be due to the most of the healthy individuals which was participated in study had normal viscosity in both Groups.

Saliva pH Test: After the above observations and results of Saliva pH it is clear that when Ardrak & Sendhav Lavan given together for chewing before lunch in healthy individuals in Group A, there after immediately when getting pH of saliva it was highly significant in Group A as compared to Group B. Thus it proves the Ardrak and Sendhav have alkaline nature which is useful for maintaining a health as Pathya.

CONCLUSION

Ardrak and Sendhav Lavan, when given together for chewing its immediate effect on oral mucosa seen, Salivation and *jivhaksnthvishodhan* occur immediately. After *Ardrak* and *Sendhav lavan sevan*, the pH of oral cavity changed immediately into alkaline stage for few minutes. So it may useful in many ways to protect the health of oral cavity and prevents a many of the diseases of oral cavity like halotosis, dental caries, oral cancer etc. *Ardrak* and *Sendhav Lavan* both show its clinical efficacy on *Jirna Aahar lakshanas*. So its use in Aruchi, Agnimandya and Ajirna is beneficial.

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