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ROLE OF GUDASUNTHI GHRITA NASYA AND SHAMAN CHIKITSA IN ACUTE EPISODE OF MIGRAINE (ARDHAVBHEDAKA) - A SINGLE CASE REPORT

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ABSTRACT

The lifestyle of the people has changed and work expectations for a better lifestyle, stress is causing an increased incidence of acute and chronic disorders. Migraine is a chronic illness, characterized by recurrent headaches of varying severity. Headache affects half of the head, is pulsating in nature, and last for a few hours to one or more days. Migraine is associated with nausea, vomiting, and sensitivity to light, sound, or smell. The pain is worsening with physical activity. Ardhavbhedaka is mentioned under Shiroroga (Diseases of the head) which can be correlated with migraine. The diagnosis of migraine is mainly based on clinical history. Ayurveda has a variety of treatments for various types of Shiroroga including Sodhana and Samana Chikitsa. So, an attempt has been made to assess the efficacy of Gudashunti Ghrita Nasya along with Pathyadi Kwatha and Godanti Bhasma. Guda is Guru, Singdha, Vata nashaka. Sunthi pacifies Vata and Kapha Dosha while Ghrita pacifies the Vata and Pitta Dosha, so this combination pacifies all Tridosha which is responsible for migraine episodes. The nose is the gateway of Shira that's why the medicines given to this route easily reach the head region and eliminate Dosha and get quick relief.

Keywords: Gudashunti Ghrita Nasya, Ardhavbhedaka, Migraine

INTRODUCTION

Shira is one of the three Marma explained in our classics where all the unique senses of the organ's eyes, ear, nose, and tongue are located in. Migraine is one of the most common neurological disorders characterized by recurring attacks of headache associated with sensitivity to light and sound, nausea, and vomiting. Globally, around 15% of people are affected by migraine.² It most often starts at puberty and is worst during middle age. Now a day's many people are suffering from migraine due to lifestyle changes like eating fast foods, packed and preserved food, not taking meals on time, watching television and mobile while eating, changes in sleeping time like Diwaswapna and Ratrijagarana causes a vitiation of three Doshas and create an episode of migraine. In Ayurvedic text, all the Acharyas have referenced Ardhavbhedaka in Shiroroga. All the Tri-Dosha are involved in the pathogenesis of the Ardhavbhedaka with the dominancy of Vata or Vatakapha. The disease is not fatal but if not treated properly then it may destroy eyesight or hearing. Coming to the management, other systems of medicines have lots of limitations. Modern medicine clearly states that there is no proper standardized treatment for migraine. *Ayurveda* emphasizes various treatment modalities for *Ardhavbhedaka* which includes both *Samana* and *Sodhana* in the management of *Ardhavbhedaka*. The nose is the getaway of *Shira*, so *Nasya* is very effective in treating *Ardhavbhedaka* (migraine).

Case Report

25 years old female patient visited OPD of Shala-kyatantra, PSAM hospital, kalol with complaints of right and left side alternatively headache associated with nausea, vomiting, burning sensation of eye, watery discharge from the eye, and radiating pain in the neck to shoulder region. The headache is generally worse by physical activity, during longtime work on a computer screen, stress, fasting, etc. she had complained of migraine for the last 7 years. Progressively increased intensity and frequency of headache for last 3 years. Frequency of headache every week and remaining for 2-3 days more than 12hrs/day. The symptoms subside after vomiting and taking medications like aspirin or dolo-650mg.

Table 1: Physical examination

Bodyweight: 46 kg	Respiration rate: 18/minute
Heart rate: 80/ minute	Blood pressure:110/80 mmHg

Table 2: Systemic examination

CVS: s1, s2 normal	R.S: chest clear, air entry clear	
CNS: bilateral oriented and conscious	P/A: soft, non-tender	

Table 3: Astavidha parīksha

Nadi: VP	Druka: Shweta
Mala: Samyaka	Shabda: Spashta
Mutra: Samyaka	Sparsha: Ruksha
Jihva: Prakruta	Akruti: Madhyama

Aim and Objective: To assess the efficacy of *Gudashunti Ghrita Nasya* along with *Samana Chikitsa* in an acute episode of migraine.

Criteria of Diagnosis: The patient was diagnosed based on signs and symptoms of migraine in modern classics and *Ardhavbhedaka* in *Ayurvedic* classics.

Materials and Methods

- **1.** *Nasya* with *Gudashunti Ghrita*³: Dose: 6-8 drops in each nostril, Duration: 4 sittings, each sitting for 7 days at the interval of 7 days.
- 2. Godanti bhasma 4: Dose: 250mg OD for 60 days with water before a meal.
- **3.** *Pathyadi kwatha*⁵: Dose: 20 ml BD for 60 days with an equal amount of Lukewarm water after food.

Duration of treatment: 60 days Subjective criteria

- 1. Headache
- 2. Nausea
- 3. Vomiting
- 4. Photophobia
- 5. Giddiness
- 6. Frequency of headache
- 7. Duration of headache

Criteria of Assessment

A. Table 4: Severity of headache

0	No headache
1	Mild headache, aware only pay attention to it.
2	Moderate headache can ignore at the time
3	Severe headache, cannot ignore but can-do usual activities
4	An excruciating headache can't do anything.

B. Table 5: Nausea

0	Nil
1	occasionally
2	Moderate but does not disturb the routine work
3	Severe, disturbing routine work
4	Severe enough, a small amount of fluid regurgitates from the mouth.

C. Table 6: Vomiting

0	Nil
1	Only if the headache does not subside
2	Vomiting 1-2 times
3	Vomiting 2 -3 times
4	Forced to take medicine to stop vomiting

D. Table 7: Photophobia

0	Nil
1	Lasts for 5 minutes
2	Lasts for 15 minutes
3	Lasts for 30 minutes
4	Lasts for 60 minutes

E. **Table 8:** Giddiness

0	Nil
1	Feeling of giddiness
2	The patient feels as if everything is revolving
3	Revolving signs and blackouts
4	Unconscious

F. **Table 9:** Frequency of headache (frequency in days)

0	Nil
1	> 20 days
2	15 days
3	10 days
4	< 5 days

G. Table 10: Duration of headache

0	Nil
1	1 to 3 hours/day
2	3 to 6 hours/day
3	6 to 12 hours/day
4	More than 12 hours/day

Table 11: Effect of treatment on signs and symptoms of patient with migraine

Sr. no	Sign/symptoms	Symptoms score		
		BT	AT	
1	Headache	4	2	
2	Nausea	3	1	
3	Vomiting	4	1	
4	Photophobia	0	0	
5	Giddiness	0	0	
6	Frequency of headache episode	4	1	
7	Duration of headache	4	2	

Observations: For this study before starting the treatment, symptoms present in patients were graded and their values were noted as before treatment (BT). And after completion of treatment, they were noted as after treatment. (AT)

Results: Significant changes in signs and symptoms were noticed during the treatment period. There was a reduction in headache, nausea, vomiting, and a decrease in the frequency of episodes. No need to take medicine to stop the vomiting. There is no burning sensation and watery discharge from the eye. No adverse effects were found throughout the treatment period as well as after the completion of treatment.

DISCUSSION

Ardhavbhedaka can be correlated with migraine due to its cardinal feature 'half side headache'. The sign and symptoms of Ardhavbhedaka. By vitiating the Tridoshas, Tridosha produces the symptoms like nausea, vomiting, giddiness, photophobia, etc.

Nasya is mainly indicated in the management of Urdhwajatrugata Roga. The Sirovirechana type of Nasya Karma alleviates the symptoms such as Gaurava (heaviness), Supti (numbness), Stambha (stiffness), Shirashoola (headache). Godanti Bhasma is Deepan (appetizer), Pachana (digestive), Shoolaghna (analgesic), and Jwaraghna (antipyretic). There are very scattered references in Samhita about the use of Guda in Chikitsa of Urdhwajatrugata Roga, Grahani Roga, Arsha, skin diseases, etc. Bhavaprakasha Samhita was written by Acharya Bhava Mishra. Guda is described at Nighantu part of samhita in Ikshu varga. Naveen Guda properties are mentioned as Vrushya, Guru, Snigdha, Vaatnashak, Mutrasho-Na-ati-pittakara Medakara, dhan, Kaphakara, Krimikara, Balakara, Swasakara and Puran Guda is Laghu, Pathya, Anbhishandi, Agnijanaka, Pusthikruta, Pittaghna, Madhur, Vrushya, Vataghna, Raktaprasadaka. Bhavprakasha has mentioned specific Guna with particular Anupan like Guda with Ardraka- quickly reduces the enhanced kapha, with Haritaki it acts on Pitta and when used with Sunthi it acts as Vatahara. Sunthi is unctuous, promotes digestion, is hot in potency, and balances vata and kapha Dosha. Ghee alleviates the Vata and Pitta Dosha.

CONCLUSION

The present study indicates the role of *Gudashunti Ghrita Nasya* in the treatment of an acute episode of migraine with a positive outcome. This effective treatment can make significant gains for the patient in symptoms within a short period. It is a single case study. Multiple clinical trials should be conducted for broad statistical analysis for further assessment.

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