

## INTERNATIONAL AYURVEDIC MEDICAL JOURNAL



# Case ReportISSN: 2320-5091Impact Factor: 6.719AN OUTCOME OF SHODHANA AND SHAMANA CHIKITSA IN VICHARCHIKA-<br/>A CASE STUDYA CASE STUDY

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#### https://doi.org/10.46607/iamj5610072022

(Published Online: July 2022)
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Article Received: 01/06/2022 - Peer Reviewed: 22/06/2022 - Accepted for Publication: 26/06/2022

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## ABSTRACT

*Vicharchika* is a type of *Kshudra Kushta* (Skin disorder) that originated from *Tridosha*. In the present era, skin diseases are very common due to a sedentary lifestyle, and poor eating habits and eczema is one of them. In *Ayurveda*, all types of skin disorders are considered under *Kushta Roga*. In modern science, *Vicharchika* has the same clinical features as Eczema which is a type of dermatitis where inflammation of the dermis occurs. Eczema is known as atopic dermatitis and is characterized by pruritus, burning, oozing, papules, vesicles, dryness, scaling, discoloration, and lichenification of the skin. Although *Vicharchika* (Eczema) is not life-threatening but has detrimental effects on the psychological health of the suffering individual thereby disturbing the quality of life. The best available symptomatic treatment like steroids causes side effects and chances of reoccurrence are very common. *Ayurveda* advocates *Shodhana Karma* i.e. *Virechana Karma* as the best purificatory method along with *Shaman Chikitsa* for *Vicharchika*. Here is a case of a 20-year-old female patient who presented with vesicles over both wrists with watery discharge, itching, lesion, and red patches over the plantar surface of both feet with pain for the last 4 months. The patient visited M.C DAV Hospital Jalandhar, Punjab for *Ayurvedic* treatment. The *Virechana Karma* was planned after a complete examination of the patient and after that *Shamana Chikitsa* proved its efficacy in the treatment of *Vicharchika* which will contribute to providing relief to the suffering population.

Keywords: Vicharchika, Eczema, Panchakarma, Virechana, Shodhana, Shamana.

## INTRODUCTION

The largest sense organ of the body is the skin. It protects the body with various antigens, chemicals, and a barrier separating the potentially harmful environment from the body's interior<sup>1</sup>. Nowadays skin diseases are very common and occur all over the world. They affect all ages from children to the elderly and lead to discomfort, disfigurement, and disability. The incidence rate is 2-3 percent of all medical problems seen in practice<sup>2</sup>. Kushta are a group of skin diseases and it is a Rakta Pradoshaj Vikar<sup>3</sup> in which Virechana procedure as Shodhana is advocated<sup>4</sup>. In modern science, various advanced techniques and upgraded technologies for treatment are used, but still many diseases occur in progressive nature and Vicharchika is one in which vitiated Doshas causes *Kandu, Pidika, Shyava,* and *Bahusrava<sup>5</sup>* and resembles Eczema were pruritus, burning, oozing, dryness, eruption, discoloration, and lichenification or hyperpigmentation<sup>6,7</sup>. The main treatment in Ayurveda for Vicharchika is Shodhana i.e Virechana which is the best procedure for *Pitta Dosha*<sup>8</sup>. After *Shodhana*, Shamana Aushadhis act satisfactorily and help to normalize the vitiated *Dosha* and *Dhatus*.

## MATERIALS AND METHODS

## **Case Summary**

A female patient aged 20 years came to the OPD of our institute with complaints of vesicles over both wrists with watery discharge, itching, lesions, and red patches over the plantar surface of both feet with pain since 4 months.

## **Patients Description**

- Name- ABC
- OPD No. -2111147924
- IPD No. -2100341
- Age-20 years
- Sex- Female
- Occupation- Student
- Residence- Kabir Nagar, Jalandhar. Punjab
- C/o- vesicles over both wrists with watery discharge, itching, lesions, and red patches over

the plantar surface of bilateral feet with pain since 4 months.

- History- No such history was found.
- Personal history –No addiction to soft drinks, tea, coffee
- Family History- No such abnormality detected.
- Medication history- She was taken anti-allergic drugs
- Previous Allergies- not significant

## On examination

- The patient was calm, conscious, and oriented.
- Respiratory System- B/L air entry equal. No abnormality detected
- CVS- S1, S2 normal
- P/A-soft,non-tender,non-distended,no organomegaly
- Blood pressure- 110/80mm of Hg
- Temperature- Afebrile
- Respiratory rate- 16/min
- Nadi- Kaphapitta, 74/min
- Mala- 1time/day
- Mutra- 3-4 times/day
- Jihva-Sama
- Sparsha- Anushna
- Prakriti- Kaphapradhana Pittanubandha
- Agni- Madhyama
- Koshta- Madhyam
- Mansik Prakriti- Rajas
- *Nidra* disturbed due to itching

#### Laboratory investigations -

Hematological test

- Hb% -10.7gm%
- TLC-7/cumm
- DLC- Gran%- 48.2, Lymph%- 37.2, mid%-14.6

## Glucose Random-95mg/dl

Renal Function Test

- Blood Urea- 28mg/dl
- Serum Creatinine- 0.85mg/dl
- Uric acid- 5mg/dl

#### Subjective parameters

Table 1: Subj	ective Paramete	rs
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Sr.No	Parameter	Scoring Criteria	Score
1. <i>Kandu</i> (Itching)		No itching	0
		Mild itching not disturbing sleep	1
		Moderate itching disturbs sleep	2
		Severe itching disturbing sleep.	3
<b>2.</b> <i>Daha</i> (Burning)		No burning sensation	0
		A mild type of burning sensation.	1
		Occasionally burning sensation disturbs normal activity	2
		Burning present continuously & even disturbing sleep	3
3. <i>Strava</i> (oozing)		No discharge	0
		Mild discharge after itching.	1
		Moderate oozing without itching.	2
		Excessive oozing making clothes wet	3
4.	Rukshata (Dryness)	No dryness	0
		Dry rough skin	1
		Dryness with scaling	2
		Dryness with cracking	3
5.	Pidikotpatti (Eruption)	No eruption in the lesion	0
		Mild eruptions in a few lesions	1
		Moderate eruptions in at least half of the lesion	2
		Severe lesions full of eruption	3
6.	Vaivarnyata	Nearly normal skin color	0
	(Discolouration)	Brownish red discoloration	1
		Blackish red discoloration	2
		blackish discoloration	3
7.	Rajii	No thickening of the skin	0
	(Thickening of skin)	Thickening of skin but no crisscross marking	1
		Thickening with criss cross marking	2
		Severe lichenification	3

## **Treatment Given**

The importance *of Shodhana* therapy i.e *Virechana Karma* was explained to the patient properly and consent was taken. This modality plays an important role in the elimination of *Pitta dosha* as well as for *Kapha, Vata*, and *Rakta*.

*Pathya-Apathaya* was strictly instructed to the patient (specify *Nidana Parivarjana*) and also instructed postprocedure activities (*Ashta Pariharya Vishaya*) that should be avoided i.e load speech, chariot traveling, excess walking, sedentary lifestyle, food intake during digestion, day sleep and wrong intake of food, etc

#### Shodhana (Virechana Karma)

Firstly, patient preparation was done that included *Deepana Pachana, Snehapana, Sarvanga Abhyanga*, and *Sarvanga Swedana*, then administration of *Virechana* drug.

**Deepana Pachana** was done with Panchakola Churna 3gms three times a day along with lukewarm water for three days, till Nirama Lakshana appears.

Snehapana was done with Panchatikta Ghrita in increasing doses every day in the early morning depending upon the Agni and Koshta for a period of five days (30ml, 60ml, 90ml, 120ml, and 150ml) until Samyak Snigdha Lakshana appears. During Snehapana patient was advised to take hot water for drinking the whole day and to avoid day sleep, exposure to direct the wind, sunlight, excessive work, and emotional exacerbation, stress, etc

Sarvanga Abhyanga and Sarvanga Swedana- After Samyaka Snigdha Lakshana occurs a gap of 3 days was given and during these days Sarvanga Abhyanga with Murchita Tila Taila followed by Sarvanga Svedana with *Dashmoola Kwath* was carried out, then *Virechana Yoga* given for administration.

Diet during *Vishram Kala* (gap of 3 days)- diet includes Jangala Mamsa Rasa, Yusha with Snigdha, Laghu, Ushna quality, and Kapha Avridhikara Aahar. Acharya Sushruta mentioned that on the previous day of Virechana Laghu Aahra, Phalamla and Ushnodaka should be administered. *Virechana Yoga- Triphala kwath* 100ml along with 3gms *Trivrit* and 3gms *Danti Churan* was given. Total 15 Vega after administration of *Virechana Yoga* and the patient felt a lightness in the whole body.

**Paschat karma-** Samsarjana Karma was advised for 5 days which depends on the *Shudhi* in which *Peya*, *Vilepa*, and *Yusha* preparations were given.

#### Shamana Chikitsa (Ayurvedic formulations) Table 2: Avurvedic formulations

First Visit			Second Visit		
Medicines	Dose, Time and Anupana	Duration	Medicines	Dose and Time	Duration
Arogyavardhani vati	1 Tab twice a day with water.	15 days	Eladi lepa	Local application twice a day mixed with water	15 days
Mahatiktaka Ghrita	5 gm twice a day with warm water.	15 days	Fresh <i>Neem</i> leaves dipped in water	Wash lesions two times a day with <i>Neem</i> water.	15 days
Khadirarishta	15ml three times a day with an equal amount of water.	15 days			
Jatayadi Ghrita	Local application mixed with water.	15 days			

#### Result

#### **Subjective parameters**

#### Table 3: Subjective parameters

Sr. No	Parameter	Before treatment	After treatment
1.	Kandu (Itching)	2	0
2.	Daha (Burning)	0	0
3.	Strava (oozing)	1	0
4.	Rukshata (Dryness)	3	0
5.	Pidikotpatti (Eruption)	2	1
6.	Vaivarnyata(Discolouration)	3	1
7.	Rajii (Thickening of skin)	0	0



## DISCUSSION

In Ayurvedic text, all the Kushta Rogas are Tridoshaj but mainly Kapha Dosha Pradhan. On the basis of symptoms, the present case study was taken. As Vicharchika have Pitta Dosha Pradhanya and Kapha Dosha Anubandha. So a specific procedure was selected i.e Virechana Karma, that moves vitiated Dosha towards Adhobhaga and expels from Guda and also acts on vitiated Kapha Dosha.

In the present study, the Virechana procedure was done and drugs Trivrit Churan, Danti Churan, and Triphala Kwath were selected<sup>9</sup>. The properties of Trivrit Churan are Madhura, Kashaya, Tikta Rasa, Katu Vipaka, and Ushna Virya which help to pacify Pitta Dosha. It acts as Kushtaghan, Krimighan and Rakta Shodhana. Danti Churan acts as Shodhak, Kaphahara, Vidahara and its properties are Katu Rasa, Tikshan Guna, Laghu Virya, Ushna Vipaka. Triphala consists of three drugs Amalaki, Haritaki and Vibhitaki, these drugs act as Dipana, Anulomana, Rasavana, Tridoshahara, Bhedaka and has Kasava, Katu Madhura, Ruksha, Usna, Amla etc properties. Thus, Virechana karma pacifies Pitta and Kapha Dosha and reduces itching, dryness, eruption, and slight discoloration. After Shodhan therapy orally Shamana Aushadhi was given works as follows.

Arogyavardhani Vati which contains Shudha Parad, Gandhaka and Shilajit, Lauha and Tamra Bhasam, Triphala Churan, Kutaki, Chitrak Moola with the Bhavana of Nimba Patra Swaras, and its mentioned in Kustha Rogadhikara. In Kushta Vikar advised Dravyas having Tikta Rasa<sup>10</sup>. So, it has Kaphahar, Kledhar, Lekhana, Bhedana, and Yakrituttajak properties and also normalizes Bhootagni and Dhatvagni. According to Rasaratan Samuchaya, it acts on various disorders like skin problems, Eczema, Psoriasis, etc.

Mahatiktaka Ghrita is а medicated Ghee recommended internally for Shamana purposes, it contains Saptaparna, Ativisha, Patha, Musta, Triphala, Chandana, and Haridra, Giloye, etc. This Ghrita is fortified with Tikta Kashaya Rasa, Sukshma Strotogamitva action, and can reach, nourishes Shukra Dhatu. It also calms Vata and Piita Dosha and has Vatanuloman, Snightvata, Kandughan, and *Kushtaghan* properties<sup>11</sup>.

*Khadirarishta* contains *Khadira*, *Devdaru*, *Bakuchi*, *Daruharidra*, and *Triphala*, which are enriched with *Tikta*, *Kashaya Rasa*, *Laghu*, *Shita*, *Ruksha Katu Dravays*. It has *Kapha Pitta Shamaka*, *Tridoshara*, *Kushtaghana*, *Shothahara*, *Krimihara*, anti-bacterial, antioxidant, and antimicrobial properties<sup>12</sup>. *Jatayadi Ghrita Lepa* composed of *Jatipatra*, *Haridra*, *Nimbi Patra*, *Patola*. These are enriched with *Tikta*, *Kashaya*, *Shita*, *Katu*, *Tikshana Dravyas*. It has antibacterial, anti-ulcer, anti-fungal, and anti-inflammatory properties<sup>13</sup>.

Eladi Lepa contains Ela, Kutha, Vidanga, Chitrak, Bala, Danti, Rasanjana and enriched with Kasaya, Katu, Tikta, Amla, Madhura, Laghu, Ruksa, Usna, Madhura Dravyas. It has Kusthaghan, Dipana, Pitta-Kapha Hara, Shodhaka and Chedana properties<sup>14</sup>.

## CONCLUSION

Skin is the outer covering of the body and reflects the health of an individual. Ayurvedic science offers a great chance for Vicharchika patients to get rid of this disease i.e through Aahar-Vihara. Nidana Parivarjana, Shodhana, and Aushadhi. So, the first step is to avoid causative factors that trigger Vicharchika (Eczema). Next is Shodhana Chikitsa i.e Virechana Karma followed by Shaman Aushadhis when they are followed systematically or in combinations gives marked relief to the patient symptomatically, hence through Avurvedic treatment skin diseases can be managed successfully, but still, there is a need for more evidence-based studies. However, education about avoiding factors that cause skin diseases appears a valid option for tackling or managing skin problems.

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#### Source of Support: Nil Conflict of Interest: None Declared

How to cite this URL: Neha et al: An Outcome of Shodhana and Shamana Chikitsa in Vicharchika - A Case Study. International Ayurvedic Medical Journal {online} 2022 {cited July 2022} Available from: Hyperlink http://www.iamj.in/posts/images/upload/1973\_1978.pdf