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CURCUMA ANGUSTIFOLIA: A PHYTO-CHEMICAL REVIEW OF TAVAKSIRI WITH AN AYURVEDIC APPROCH

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ABSTRACT

Tavaksiri is a traditional starchy preparation widely used drug of choice in a spectrum of diseases as well as an excipient, tablet binder, and in many ayurvedic formulations. Ayurvedic mode of action of drugs is mainly based on their *rasa, guna, veerya, vipaka*, and *prabhava*. The present era demands scientific proof in all aspects; hence the present study is an attempt to collect the available classical and phytochemical references to overcome the knowledge gap by concentrating mainly on the analytical side.

Keywords: Tavaksiri, Curcuma Angustifolia Roxb. Satva, Starch, Physico-Chemical analysis

INTRODUCTION

Medicines used as *Ekamoolika*, *Yogas* prepared out of *Sthavara* and *Jangama Dravays* are the backbone of Ayurvedic science. The firm belief that there will be no side effects with better results makes Ayurvedic *Kalpanas* like *Satva Kalpanas*¹ makes more familiar and globally acceptable in the present modern century. The drug of choice for the present study is a water-soluble Starchy preparation extracted from Curcuma Angustifolia Roxb using the classical *Sat-va Kalpana* extraction method.

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES:

- To prepare samples of *Tavaksiri⁵* by adopting the classical *Guduchi Satva²* extraction method.
- Physico-Chemical Analysis of *Tavaskiri* Sample^{3,4,5}.

MATERIALS AND METHODS:

MATERIALS:

Vernacular names^{6,7,8}

Sanskrit - Tavakshira, Tavaksheeri, payaksheera, tavakshiri, vamsalocana.

Hindi - Tekur, tikhur, theksura, thavsasheera, tikor, thavakheera.

English - East Indian arrow root, curcuma starch

Kannada – Kaadu arrow root, kovegida, kove hitting gida, thavakeela.

Telugu - gaddalu.

Tamil - kisangu, araukizhangu, kooa, artimavu, kookai, kua.

METHODS:

Authenticated for identity, quality, and purity, Collected samples of Curcuma angustifolia Roxb. Rhizomes (kanda) are washed thoroughly to remove the mud and dirt and made into small pieces of 2-3 cm and then smashed and grinded to paste with the help of *khalwa yantra* or grinder. This paste is added with 6 times of clean water in a non-reactive vessel and macerated well and the fine extract will be settled down and the other fiber waste were discarded. Then the water is kept undisturbed till the satva settles down completely and the water turns clear. Then the supernatant clear water is darned carefully and the white colour *satva* is collected and again mixed with clean water and the procedure is repeated till the satva loses its bitter taste. After this, the satva is collected and dried under shade till it becomes dry and stored⁹ in glass containers.

ANALYTICAL STUDY:

Table 01. Certificate of Analysis (Curcuma Angustifolia Starch).



	Starch of Currenma Anomitife		Report Date	
Starch of Curcuma Angustitotta			Sample ID	AD/21/066
		7700-1127		
	CERTIFICATE O	FANAL	<u>YSIS</u>	
5r. No.	Parameters		Reinh	
PHY:0	CHEMICAL ANALYSIS	-		
1	Alkaloida	-		
2	Flavonesits			
3	Polyphenols & Tamins	12		
4	Steroids			
3	Triterpenoids		12	
6	Saponins Olycosides			
7	Anthraquinane Glycostides			
1	Carbohyshutes •			
9	Protein	-		
10	Staruh +++			

Table 02. Physico-Chemical Analysis



	Stand of Comments Amerida line	Report Date	01.04.2022	
Starch of Curcuma Augustito		Sample ID	AD/22/666	
_				
	CERTIFICATE OF PHYSICO-CI	IEMICALANALA	515	
Sr.No.	Constituents	Results		
1	Moisture(db)	1.82 ± 0.27		
2	Starch(dii)	98.21 ± 0.58		
3	Crude fat	0.72 ± 0.37		
.4	Crude protein	1.02 ± 0.37		
- 5	Auglasetsa	32.82 ± 0.22		
.0	Ash	0.30 ± 0.02		
. 7	Colorific valuescal g)	3649 = 1.27		
	True density	1.52 ± 0.05		
9	Bulk denvity	0.5340.25		
	Buschiller (W)	71.4	1.54	

	CERTIFICATE OF TROTE	KIIES ANALISIS
Sr. No.	Parameters	Result
1	Average Grain Size(micron)	9.86
2	Loss on Drying(%)	10.56
3	Acidity(ml of 0.01M NaOH)	0.3- 0.4
	pH	6.2





DISCUSSION

Tavaksiri is a water soluble Starchy extract of Curcuma Angustifolia Roxb. Water Soluble Components are extracted using the *Toyasannikarsha* process following classical the methods of *Guduchi Satva* preparation. As the classical references of Satva preparation are limited but the wide acceptance opens demands in Pharmaceutical and Analytical standardization.

CONCLUSION

Tavaksiri Starchy extract of herb belongs to the Zingiberaceae family with undifferentiated properties of Tugakshiri(vamshalocana) point out by brihatraye and Dalhana. Analytical features prove highly rich with starchy contents implying gunakarma as madhura rasa, laghu, Snigdhaguna and has sitavirya

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