

INTERNATIONAL AYURVEDIC MEDICAL JOURNAL



Impact Factor: 6.719

Review Article

ISSN: 2320-5091

REVIEW ON PATRA PINDA SWEDA: A METHOD OF MASSAGE WITH FOMEN-TATION

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https://doi.org/10.46607/iamj3110122022

(Published Online: December 2022)

Open Access © International Ayurvedic Medical Journal, India 2022 Article Received: 08/09/2022 - Peer Reviewed: 01/09/2022 - Accepted for Publication: 15/12/2022

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ABSTRACT

Swedana karma is the essential poorvakarma after *Snehana*. *Swedana* is also important pradhana karma for the treatment of many diseases and is included under *Shad-upkrama*. *Swedana* is a treatment process that induces sweating or perspiration in the body by means of heat either in the form of steam (*Bashpa*) or by direct contact with the body with heated medicament (*Tapa*). *Sankara Sweda* is a method in which the materials are tied in a cloth and used for *Swedana*, and it is commonly known as *Pinda Sweda*. *Patra Pinda Sweda* is a type of *Pinda sweda* where the sudation is done by heated bolus bags (pinda) containing leaves of medicinal plants, after performing *Abhyanga*. In *Patra PindaSweda*, different medicinal leaves along with other drugs are roasted in suitable medicated oil and made into Pinda(bolus) form by tying them in a suitable cloth. *Swedana* generally relieves pain, stiffness, heaviness, and coldness in the body. It is indicated in various disorders like Inter vertebral disc prolapse, Sciatica, Osteoarthritis, Chronic stage of rheumatoid arthritis, Hemiplegia, Frozen shoulder, Cervical spondylosis, Ankylosing spondylosis, Musculoskeletal pain as well as in neuro-muscular diseases. The present Review was done based on the need of the day to elaborate on the process of conducting *Patra Pinda Swedana*.

Keywords: Ayurveda, Panchkarma, Swedana, Patra Pinda Sweda, Osteoarthritis

INTRODUCTION

Panchkarma is a unique approach to Ayurveda treatment which deals mainly with the purification of the accumulated dosha from the body through the nearest possible passage or route. Panchkarma is always followed in three phases known Purva Karma, Pradhan Karma Pashchata Karma. Swedana karma is the important and essential purvakarma after Snehana. Patra Pinda Sweda is a type of Pinda sweda, made up of three words- 1. Patra - Leaves, 2. Pinda - Bundle, 3. Swedana - Fomentation, where the sudation is done by heated bolus bags (pinda) containing leaves of medicinal plant, after performing Abhvanga. Swedana is done by gently rubbing the bolus over the affected area. Different types of Pinda Sweda are being practiced like Shastika shali pinda sweda, Patra Pinda Sweda, Jambira Pinda Sweda, Churna Pinda Sweda, Baluka Sweda, Anda Sweda, etc. Here, the study was performed with the aim to study the concept of Swedana and Patra Pinda Sweda and to elaborate on the process of conducting Patra Pinda Swedana.

MATERIAL & METHODS:

Materials and Methods for *Swedana* and *Patra Pinda Swedana* were collected as prescribed from various Ayurvedic texts, published research manuscripts, previous work done, and compilation was done. The methodology undertaken was for a Review Study.

LITERARY REVIEW:

Swedana is a treatment process that induces sweating or perspiration in the body by means of heat either in the form of steam (*Bashpa*) or by direct contact with the body with heated medicament (*Tapa*). Acharya *Charaka*⁽¹⁾ has classified *Swedana* on the basis of involvement of agni: 1. Sagni Sweda 2. Niragni Sweda. Niragni Sweda⁽²⁾, performed in 10 different ways such as *Vyayama* (Exercise), Ushnasadana (Residing in a warm chamber), Gurupravarana (Wearing heavy clothing), Kshudha (Hunger), Bahupana (Excessive drinking), Bhaya (Fear), Krodha (Anger), Upanaha (Application of poultice), Aahava (Wrestling), Aatapa (Exposure to Sun's Rays); Similarly, Sagni Sweda⁽³⁾ also performed by 13 different ways such as Sankara, Prastara, Nadi, Parisheka, Avagaha, Jentaka, Ashmaghana, Karshu, Kuti, Bhoo, Kumbhika, Koopa, Holaka. Whereas, Acharya Sushruta^[4] and Acharya Vagbhata^[5] have classified the Swedana procedure into four types mainly, Tapa (inducing sweating by direct contact of the heated medicaments with the body), Ushma or Bashpa (heat in the form of steam), Drava (inducing heat by means of hot liquid), Upnaha (inducing heat by tying poultice around the part to be sudated). On reviewing the above classifications, it can be seen that all 13 types of Sagni Sweda of Acharya Charaka can be incorporated into 4 types of Sweda described by Acharya Sushruta and Vagbhata. Patra Pinda Sweda is a form of Pinda Sweda or Sankara Sweda of Acharya Charaka and a type of Tapa Sweda, as per Acharya Sushruta and Acharya Vagbhata. Sankara Sweda is a method in which the materials or drugs are tied in a cloth and used for Swedana. Swedana can further be classified into Ruksha Pinda Sweda and Snigdha Pinda Sweda. In Ruksha Pinda Sweda, hot solid substances such as dung of different animals like Cow, Horse, Camel, Brick, Husk, Yava, and Stone are used. It is indicated or adopted in Kapha, Ama, and Meda Disorders, Whereas in Snigdha Sweda, the thick gruel is prepared from Tila, Masha, Kulatha, Amla dravya, Ghrita, Payasa and Meat, any of these or all is tied in pottali and applied over body in warm condition and is advised in conditions where the pain and related symptoms are due to Vata Dosha only. Patra Pinda Sweda is a form of Snigdha Sweda and is a useful treatment for degenerative diseases and painful conditions mainly caused by Vata Dosha. Moreover, it can be also used in Vata-Kapha conditions. Drugs which can supresses the vitiated Vata and Kapha are used in making pottali, which is helpful in inflammatory conditions of many joints and soft tissue. Patra Pinda Sweda generally relieves pain, stiffness, heaviness, and inflammation in the body associated with the musculoskeletal system.

Indications- It is generally indicated in *Vata-Kaphaj Vikara*^[6] like *Greevastambha* (Cervical spondylosis), *Jeerna-Aamvata* (Chronic stage of rheumatoid arthritis), *Pakshvadha* (Hemiplegia), *Avabahuka* (Frozen shoulder), *Gridhrasi* (Sciatica), *Sandhivata* (Osteoarthritis), *Katiprishthagriha* (Ankylosing Spondylitis), Inter vertebral disc prolapse.

Contraindications^{7}- It is contraindicated in *Twak Vikara*(Infective eczema, Psoriasis), *Raktapitta* (Haemorrhagic disorder), *Jwara*(Fever), *Ajeerna*(Indigestion), *Pandu*(Anemia).

PROCEDURE^{{8}:}

Patra Pinda Swedana is done in 3 steps. These are -

- 1. Poorva Karma (Pre-procedure)
- 2. Pradhana Karma (Procedure)
- 3. Pashchat Karma (Post-procedure)
- Poorva Karma (Pre-Procedure)- The Karma which is done before administration of Patra Pinda Swedana, which comprises of A) Collection of materials & Preparation of Pottali. B) Preparation of Patient.
- A) Collection of Materials & Preparation of Pottali-
- Collection of Materials-
- Freshly chopped leaves- 100gm each
- Coconut powder- 100 gm
- Sliced lemon- 3
- Haridra churna (Turmeric powde)
- ➤ r)- 15 gm
- Methika churna (Fenugreek powder)- 15 gm
- Ajwain (Carom seeds)- 10 gm
- Saindhava lavana- 10 gm
- *Churna* fo*r Talam* 10 gm
- Oil for frying leaves (*Tila Taila or any vatahara taila*)-150 ml
- ➢ Oil for heating the *pottali* 250 ml
- ➢ Oil for Abhyanga- 100 ml
- Cotton clothes for making *pottali* 4(Each of 18 inches ×18 inches)

- Heating devices
- \blacktriangleright Vessels 3
- Attendant
- Panchkarma Droni
 - Preparation of *Pottali*(Boluses)-
 - Various medicinal leaves of *Eranda*(Ricinus communis), *Arka*(Calotropis procera), *Nirgun-di*(Vitex negundo), *Dhatura*(Datura metel), *Shigru*(Moringa oliefera), etc of 100 gms each are chopped into small pieces and taken into a vessel of the round bottom.
 - Approximately 250 ml of selected oil is added to the mixture of chopped leaves.
 - Saindhava Lavana, Ajwain, Coconut powder, and sliced lemon are added to this mixture.
 - Then mix thoroughly and fry together till coconut scrapings attain a brown color.
 - Then the whole material is divided into 4 equal parts.
 - Then 4 pottali are prepared using cotton clothes.
- **B**) Preparation of Patient-
- Clearing of bladder and bowel The patient is advised to pass any natural urges before starting the procedure.
- Recording of vitals- Vitals of the patient (BP, temperature, pulse) are recorded.
- Application of *Talam- Talam* with suitable oil/*Choorna* should be applied over the anterior fontanelle of the patient.
- Abhyanga Abhyanga should be performed with prescribed medicated oil on the affected part or all over the body for about 10 minutes.



Fig: -1 Preparation of Patra Pinda Sweda

2. Pradhana Karma (Procedure)-

- Starting of the procedure-
- A vessel is kept on mild flame and oil (25-30ml) selected according to disease is poured into it.
- Pottali is then dipped into the oil and gently applied in a synchronised manner over the body by the therapist.
- ➤ A uniform temperature should be maintained throughout the procedure.
- The therapist should ensure that the temperature of Pottali is bearable to the patient by touching them to their own dorsum of the hand.
- The Pottali should be changed after every three days and there should be separate pottali for each patient.
- The fomentation by *Patra Pottali* should be carried out in all the 7 postures as *Abhyanga*, these are-Sitting, Supine, left lateral, Prone, right lateral, Supine, and Sitting upright again.
- The procedure should be done till the patient gets the Samyak Swinna Lakshana.
- The leaves in the bolus (*Pottali*) should be changed every three days.

- Duration- Patra Pinda Sweda is carried out for 5 to 7 minutes in each position thus for a total period of 45 minutes.
- ✤ The total duration of therapy- Preferably for 3/5/7/14/21/28 days, PPS can be performed according to the severity of the disease.
- 3. Pashchat Karma (Post-Procedure)-
- After the procedure, *Talam* is removed followed by rubbing of *Churna* over the anterior fontanelle.
- After the procedure, the oil is wiped off with a clean and soft towel.
- Vitals of the patient (BP, temperature, pulse) is again recorded to see any remarkable deviation from the baseline (pre-procedure vitals).
- The patient is advised to take rest for 1 *muhurta* (48 minutes) minutes and then take bath with lukewarm water.
- * Complications and Management-
- Atiyoga of Swedana- Acharya Charaka has advised the use of Madhura, Snigdha, and Sheeta Ahara- Vihara as described in Greeshma Ritucharya⁽⁹⁾.
- Burn and Rashes- In patient of *Pitta Prakriti*, due to heat intolerance, Burn and rashes may occur

which can be treated by local application of *Madhu* and *Ghrita*, preferably *Shahstradhouta Ghrita*, *GhritaKumari* (Aloevera pulp).

Fainting- It may occur due to increased body temperature or Atiyoga. These can be prevented by providing *Sharkarodaka* to the patient for drinking and *Drakshadi Kashaya* can be advised for internal use.

DISCUSSION

Patra Pinda Swedana is generally prepared with different medicinal leaves like Nirgundi Patra, Dhatura Patra, Shigru Patra, Arka Patra, Eranda patra, etc. which have analgesic, anti-bacterial, antiinflammatory, antihistaminic properties, muscle relaxant properties and pacifies Vata, Kapha Dosha. Patra Pinda Swedana is generally indicated in Vata-Kaphaja conditions. Gridhrasi like and Greevastambha. Patra Pinda is also useful in Sandhivata and Jeerna Aamavata, as these conditions are Vata Pradhana, and being a type of Snigdha sweda it pacifies morbid Vata. Ankylosing Spondylitis (Kati-Prishta-Trika Graha in Ayurvedic parlance) and Avabahuka which involves vitiation of Vata and Kapha, producing inflammation, pain, and stiffness. Swedana drugs have anti-inflammatory action and due to Snigdha and Ushna Guna of the materials, subsides the inflammation, pain, and stiffness and pacifies morbid Vata and Kapha Dosha and also increase the range of motion in Avabahuka. Patra Pinda Swedana is contraindicated in Ajeerna, because it may further increase Agnimandhya due to its Snighda properties. Agni is hampered in Jwar, and the application of Patra Pinda Swedana may aggravate the condition. It is also avoided in Infective eczema and Psoriasis. Swedana is avoided in Atisara because Swedana results in increased peristaltic movements and electrolyte imbalance due to fluid loss. Many Acharya mentioned that Patra Pinda Swedana is also contraindicated in Raktapitta, even if it involves the vitiation of Vata and Kapha. Patra Pinda Sweda is contraindicated in Madhumeha, also because Swedana results in increased Kleda and Madhumeha is Kleda pradhana Vyadhi, so it is avoided in such

cases. Swedana aggravates Trishna and Pandu, therefore should not be performed in these conditions. Ingredients used for Patra Pinda Sweda Procedure having analgesic and anti-inflammatory properties which relieves pain, stiffness, and swelling associated with arthritis and other painful conditions, pacifies the morbidity of Vata, Pitta, and Kapha in the affected joints, muscles, and soft tissues, causes sweating and brings about lightness and a feeling of health in the affected parts. Patra Pinda Sweda is highly effective in the management of pain and pain-related arthropathies. When the leaves are fried in the oil the Kleda of leaves goes away. First Abhyanga is performed, then after Patra Pinda Sweda is advisable on the painaffected sight $\{10\}$. While practicing *Patra Pinda* Sweda, one should prevent burns and dehydration. To prevent the Kapha Utkleshana in Siras, Talam is kept on the scalp in many cases. After the procedure perspiration and increased range of motion can be observed which indicates the Patra Pinda Sweda is beneficial in pain and stiffness.

CONCLUSION

This article deals with a comprehensive study of *Patra Pinda Swedana*. As discussed above it is a type of *Snigdha Sankara Sweda*. It is effective in *Vata Kaphaja* and Inflammatory conditions. It is most often recommended for a condition like chronic back pain, Hemiplegia, Sciatica, arthritis, stiffness of the joints, and even muscle ache. *Patra Pinda Sweda* may help in increasing blood circulation and increasing oxygen supply to the affected area, getting rid of vitiated *Dosha*, strengthening the muscles in the area, facilitating the release of toxins, and reducing inflammation. It also improves the tone of muscles and improves the working of tissues within the body.

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Source of Support: Nil Conflict of Interest: None Declared

How to cite this URL: Parag Devadiya et al: Review on Patra Pinda Sweda: A Method of Massage with Fomentation. International Ayurvedic Medical Journal {online} 2022 {cited December 2022} Available from: http://www.iamj.in/posts/images/upload/3449_3454.pdf